THE Numb. 35.

VIRGINIA GAZETTE.

Containing the freſheſt Advices, Foreign and Domeſtick.

From Friday, March 25, to Friday, April 1, 1737.

Mr. *Parks*,

I Have here anſwer'd the Queſtion propos'd in your laſt; and give a ſecond Queſtion.

The Four Numbers ſought, are 384, 768, 1536, and 3072; which I inveſtigate in this Manner:

Put s, = the Sum of the Extreams,
x, = the Sum of the Means,
a, = one of the Means,
Then, $x - a$, will be = the other.

$\frac{a^2}{x - a}$, will be one Extream, and

$\frac{x^2 - 2xa + a^2}{a}$ the other.

The Proportion then will ſtand thus:

$\frac{x^2 - 2xa + a^2}{a} : x - a :: a : \frac{a^2}{x-a}$ required a?

$\frac{x^2 - 2xa + a^2}{a} + \frac{a^2}{x-a} = s$, the Sum of the Extreams.

$\frac{x^2 - 3x^2 a + 3a^2 x}{xa - a^2} = s.$

$x^3 - 3x^2 a + 3xa^2 = sxa - sa^2$

$x^3 = sxa - sa^2 + 3x^2 a - 3xa^2$

$\frac{x^3}{3x+s} = xa - a^2$

$-\frac{x^3}{3x+s} = a^2 - xa$

$\frac{1}{4}x^2 - \frac{x^3}{3x+s} = a^2 - xa + \frac{1}{4}a^2$

$\sqrt{\frac{1}{4}x^2 - \frac{x^3}{3x+s}} = a - \frac{1}{2}x$

$\frac{1}{2}x + \sqrt{\frac{1}{4}x^2 - \frac{x^3}{3x+s}} = a$

Whence by ſubſtituting the Values of x, and s, in this Equation, a, will be equal to 1536.

$x - a = 768$, $\frac{x^2 - 2xa + a^2}{a} = 384$, and $\frac{a^2}{x-a} = 3072$, the above Numbers.

QUESTION.

IT is required to find Five Numbers in continued Proportion, the Sum of whoſe Extreams, is 1989; *and the Sum of the Squares of the ſecond and fourth Terms, is* 930,852?

Conſtantinople, Dec. 1.

THE Divan is divided into Two Factions; one is for a Peace with Ruſſia, but the other, which is the moſt conſiderable, declares abſolutely for carrying on the War with the utmoſt Vigour. In the mean Time, the Grand Signior has ordered it to be ſignify'd to M. Dahlman, that his Highneſs would be well pleaſed, if he went to the Army, and concerted an Expedient with the Grand Vizir for beginning a Negotiation.

Dec. 12. Baron Dahlman was lately exhorted by the Grand Signior to go to the Turkiſh Army; and 'tis ſaid, that the Embaſſadors of the Maritime Powers would likewiſe be invited to go thither for the ſame Purpoſe. Nevertheleſs great Preparations for War are making all over this vaſt Empire.

Petersburg, Dec. 15. The Miniſters of ſome Foreign Powers ſtill take a great deal of Pains to engage this Court to enter into a Negotiation with the Porte, under the Mediation of their Principals; to that End, they have made ſeveral Propoſals; but the Empreſs inſiſts, that the Grand Signior ſhall firſt ſend his Plenipotentiaries to the Frontiers, in caſe the Emperor is diſpos'd to ſend any from himſelf for beginning the Negotiations. Advices from Turkey ſay, that the Concluſion of the Peace there with Perſia has very much ſettled the Minds of the People; but that nevertheleſs, there was ſtill a great Diſunion among the Miniſters of the Divan.

Petersburg, Dec. 22. Adjutant General de Terms has receiv'd Orders to prepare Relaies and other Conveniencies on the Road for the Veldt-Marſhal Count Munich, that he may come with the greater Expedition: Immediately after his Arrival, a great Council of War will be held for ſettling the Operations of the approaching Campaign, which is now look'd upon as abſolutely unavoidable, eſpecially ſince the late Advices we have receiv'd from Conſtantinople, that the Ottoman Court appears no way diſpoſed to ſend Plenipotentiaries to the Frontiers for treating of a Peace, and that this Court continues to inſiſt on that Step in the Porte, before the Czarina will liſten to any Propoſals for an Accommodation whatever. Every thing here is ready for puſhing on the War with Vigour: The Regiments are all compleat, and her Imperial Majeſty has made 13 new Colonels. A Cabinet Courier ſet out laſt Week from Dantzick, to receive what remains due from that City to her Majeſty; and the 16th Inſt. arriv'd Baron de Keyzerling's Secretary from Dreſden.

Warſaw, Dec. 19. Letters from the Frontiers aſſure us, that the Grand Vizir had ſent a new Summons to all the Bathaws of the neighbouring Places, and Generals of his Army, to aſſiſt at a great Council which he was to hold at Sochoeza, for conſidering of the Operations of the next Campaign.

Venice, Dec. 30. Col. Strutico is made a Brigadier of the Troops of the Republick, and we talk of a ſpeedy Promotion of Officers, which, with the Warlike Preparations going on, gives us reaſon to believe, every Day more and more, that this Government deſigns to act in concert with the Emperor, in caſe his Majeſty comes to a Rupture with the Porte. But tho' the Republick is thus diſpoſed to unite her Forces with thoſe of his Imperial Majeſty, to act conjointly againſt the Turks, the Senate appears reſolv'd not to begin any Enterprize that way until a Treaty is concluded between them, as to the Conqueſts each Power is to keep.

Madrid, Dec. 11. Don Sebaſtian de la Quadra, the new Secretary of State, acquires great Elogiums every Day by his Affability, and the Readineſs with which he diſpatches all publick Affairs. M. Capello, the Venetian Ambaſſador, has frequent Conferences with that Miniſter, which relate to a Treaty of Commerce, now carrying on between this Court, that of Naples, and the Venetians.

Cologne,

Cologne, Jan. 11. We continue to be aſſured, that the Succeſſion of Bergue and Juliers, is intirely ſettled in Favour of the Houſe of Sultzbach; and it is further ſaid, that the eldeſt Princeſs of Sultzbach is to marry the eldeſt Son of Prince Ferdinand of Bavaria; and if the young Prince of Sutlzbach ſhould die without Iſſue, the Dutchies of Juliers and Bergue ſhall go to the Iſſue of the Princeſs of Sultzbach, the future Wife of the Prince of Bavaria, Nephew to the Elector.

Vienna, Jan. 8. The Court receiv'd an Expreſs the 2d Inſtant from Conſtantinople, with Letters from Baron Dahlman, dated the 12th of December, importing that he had lately had ſeveral Conferences with the Miniſters of the Divan, in which they had given him freſh Aſſurances of the Grand Signior's Deſire to live in a perfect Underſtanding with his Imperial Majeſty; that to give Proofs of it, the Porte was ready to renew and prolong the Treaty of Paſſarowitz; and that as to what concern'd Ruſſia, his Highneſs was not averſe to lend a Hand to an Accommodation, provided it might be done in a convenient Manner. The Baron adds, that as it was inſinuated to him at the ſame Time, that the Means to give Succeſs to the Negotiation of a Peace with Ruſſia, would be for him to apply himſelf to the Grand Vizir; he took the Reſolution to ſet out for the Turkiſh Army the 16th of the ſaid Month: But tho' this News ſeems as if the Turk may be eaſily brought to an Accommodation with Ruſſia, we nevertheleſs continue to put every thing in a Condition to puſh on the War with the deſir'd Succeſs. There is not a Day but brings ſome Recruits here from the Regiments in Hungary; and we hear from Prague, that a Battalion of that Garriſon is march'd for the Grand Army, with 1500 Recruits rais'd in the Empire: We alſo continue to ſend Ammunition for filling the Magazines of our Frontier Places. They write from Croatia, that the Prince of Saxe-Hildbourghauſen had redreſſed all the Grievances of the Inhabitants of that Province, and ſettled every thing to their entire Satisfaction. The Court has received Advice from Belgrade, that the Grand Vizir had caus'd a great many Cazerns (or Barracks) to be built along the Danube for keeping his regular Troops in Winter Quarters; theſe are the firſt that the Turks ever built, and the Advice is owing to Baſhaw Bonneval, who made them ſenſible how inconvenient it was to ſcatter their Troops up and down in diſtant Places during the Winter. The new Cham of the Crim Tartars has made Slaves of all the Greek and Armenian Chriſtians that were ſettled in the Crim, and ſeiz'd all their Effects, under Pretence that they ſent Intelligence to Count Munich in his Expedition.

London, Jan. 4. On Saturday laſt the Ode for the New Year, compos'd by Colly Cibber, Eſq; Poet Laureat, and ſet to Muſick by Dr. Green, was ſung before her Majeſty, and the reſt of the Royal Family, at St. James's; the Vocal Parts by Mr. Gates, Mr. Row, Mr. Abbot, Mr. Beard, Mr. Lloyd, and the Boys of the Royal Chapel; and the Inſtrumental, by His Majeſty's Band of Muſick.

GRateful Britons! grace the Day,
Give to Godlike GEORGE his Due:
This alone ſhall ſwell the Lay;
GEORGE is bleſt, in bleſſing you.
May Years to Years the Sound repeat,
And ſing the Mutual Bliſs compleat.

CHORUS.

May Years to Years the Sound repeat,
And ſing the Mutual Bliſs compleat.

RECITATIVO.

While Greatneſs knows no vain Deſire,
HE only asks, what you require:
And while HIS Crown your Freedom ſhields,
Your Freedom Power to guard it yields.

AIR.

What Glory charms
Like ſuch a Sway!
Protection warms,
And we obey.
From Hand to Hand,
The Joy is toſs'd,
While dread Command
In Love is loſt.

RECITATIVO.

Lords of yourſelves, you form the Law,
That gives the Diſcontented Awe;
'Twixt Prince and People, no Debate,
But Zeal to make eath other Great.

AIR.

Thus poſſeſſing
Ev'ry Bleſſing,
Could Enjoyment pall Deſire;
New Obedience,
True Allegiance,
Gracious GEORGE would ſtill inſpire.
So the Fountain,
From the Mountain,
Leaves the verdant Vale below;
While improving,
And removing,
Circling Harveſts fall and grow.

CHORUS.

Raiſe then, to *Cæſar*, raiſe the Song,
Let Vocal Wiſhes loudly ſing;
That Great and Glorious, Great and Long!
Long, Long, and Happy, live the KING.

A few Day ago, about 10,000 l. Engliſh Money, was laid out at Amſterdam for Sails, Cables, and other Appurtenances, to complete the Ships for the Service of the King of the Two Sicilies; and the ſame were ſhipp'd off laſt Week for Naples and Palermo.

The Demand for Wheat revives in the Kindoms of Spain, and Portugal, and according to the preſent Face of Affairs, it is likely to continue; near 2000 Quarters were ſhipp'd on Saturday laſt, for thoſe Kingdoms.

By the late Storms on the Coaſt, ſo wide a Breach we hear, is made in Margate-Pier, that a Firſt Rate Man of War may enter therein; but the Damage cannot be eaſily gueſs'd at.

By a private Letter from the Hague, of which the following is an Extract, we are made acquainted with the Grounds of the Miſunderſtanding that ſome Time ſince happen'd between the Cardinal de Fleury, and M. Van Hoey, the Dutch Miniſter at Paris.

'The Grand Penſionary Slingelandt, having remark'd 'a greater Intimacy than he approv'd of, between M. 'Van Hoey, and the Cardinal de Fleury, waited for 'an Opportunity to deſtroy it, leſt the Dutch Miniſter 'ſhould not have Reſolution enough to withſtand the 'inſinuating Behaviour of the Cardinal, but ſhould lend 'too attentive an Ear to the Deſigns of this Miniſter, 'or perhaps jealous of his being a Rival in the Cardi'nal's Favour. The Method he took to effect what he 'intended, was as follows: M. Van Hoey, ſoon after 'his laſt Return from hence to Paris, being in a private 'Converſation with Cardinal Fleury, the Diſcourſe hap'pen'd to turn on the Affair of Juliers and Bergue. 'The Dutch Miniſter ſaid, there was great Reaſon to 'apprehend violent Conteſts on this Occaſion, between 'the King of Pruſſia, and the Houſe of Palatine; and 'that the latter would utterly be unable to ſupport it'ſelf, againſt the Efforts of his Pruſſian Majeſty: 'Whereupon the Cardinal reply'd with ſome Precipita'tion, that a Body of French Troops might poſſibly 'protect that Country from any Deſigns of the King of 'Pruſſia: Though after recollecting a little, he deſir'd, 'as what had been ſaid on this Subject, was only by 'Way of Friendſhip, and not as publick Miniſters; and 'as it was yet uncertain what Turn thoſe Affairs might 'take, that no Mention might be made of what had paſs'd. 'But M. Van Hoey being unwilling to let ſo favoura'ble an Opportunity paſs, as he thought, of recom'mending himſelf to his Maſters, by acquainting them 'with his Addreſs in extracting the Secret from the Car'dinal, tranſmits the Subſtance of the above Converſa-

'tion

tion in a Letter to M. Fagel, with an Entreaty not ‘ to make ſuch a Uſe of it, as that it might come to the ‘ Cardinal's Knowledge; M. Fagel acquaints the Penſio‘ nary with this Letter, and at the ſame Time, ad‘ viſes to have Regard to the Deſire of M. Van Hoey. ‘ The Penſionary, glad of this Opportunity of executing ‘ the Reſolution he had taken, declar'd himſelf of the ‘ contrary Opinion, and urg'd the reading this Letter in ‘ the Aſſembly of the States-General; which being ac‘ cordingly done, their High Mightineſſes reſolv'd to re‘ preſent to the Courts of Vienna, France, and to the ‘ Elector Palatine, that finding the Affair of Juliers and ‘ Bergue being likely to raiſe great Contention amongſt ‘ the Intereſted Parties, it would be very proper, in or‘ der to prevent violent Meaſures, to endeavour to bring ‘ about an Accomodation between them. The Marquis ‘ de Fenelon, always too ſoon inform'd of what paſſes ‘ in the Aſſembly of the States, having inform'd the ‘ Cardinal of this Reſolution, before their High Migh‘ tineſſes had communicated it to their Miniſters at Vi‘ enna, Paris, and Manheim, his Eminence warmly re‘ proach'd M. Van Hoey with Breach of Promiſe, and ‘ appear'd much irritated, that a Diſcourſe like what had ‘ paſs'd between them, ſhould occaſion ſuch a Reſolu‘ tion.’

London, Jan. 6. On Tueſday Night about Eight, Mr. Robinſon, one of his Majeſty's Meſſengers arriv'd at St. James's, having been diſpatch'd from Helvoetſluys early on Monday Morning; he brought the News that his Majeſty was then in perfect Heath, and deſign'd to embark that Evening, and to ſail by Three the next Morning for England, if the Wind veer'd to the Eaſt, as was generally expected it would.

The Letters from Rotterdam, dated on Tueſday the 21ſt ult. O. S. ſays, his Britannick Majeſty was row'd on board his Yatch, about Eleven o'Clock in the Forenoon the Day before, and immediately put to Sea with the other Yatchts and Convoy, the Wind at S. E. which ſoon carried them out of Sight. But *ſays the Poſtſcript to the Letter*, ‘ If his Majeſty had not the Happineſs ‘ to land upon the Engliſh Coaſt before this Morning, ‘ he muſt certainly have had the moſt violent Storm to ‘ encounter with that has happen'd ſince the 19th of ‘ January, (N. S.) 1735; for 'tis now actually tear‘ ing up Trees by the Roots, blowing down Chimnies, ‘ &c. &c. with the Wind blowing furiouſly from the ‘ N. W.

‘ A particular Letter from the Hague ſays, ‘ The ‘ Yatchts were ſcarce got out to Sea, but the Wind turn'd ‘ contrary, and that about Four o'Clock in the After‘ noon a Storm aroſe, which increas'd at Night, and ‘ grew ſo violent by next Morning, that the Convoy was ‘ ſeparated from the Yatchts, and theſe from one another. ‘ When the Storm was in ſome Degree diſpers'd, Admi‘ ral Wager took the firſt Opportunity to make the beſt ‘ of his Way to Helvoetſluys, into which Port he brought ‘ the King's Yatcht about Three o' Clock in the After‘ noon, together with 4 other Yatchts and a Frigate; but ‘ the Men of War, to the Number of 5, together with ‘ One of the Yatchts, were diſpers'd: The King was in ‘ great Danger of being caſt away, had it not been for ‘ the extraordinary Care and Skill of Admiral Wager, ‘ whoſe happy Conduct his Majeſty ſeems to think he ‘ cannot ſufficiently admire. As ſoon as the King landed ‘ at Helvoetſluys, he went with Mr. Horace Walpole ‘ and the reſt of his Attendants, to the Admiralty-Office ‘ there, to which Mr. Wolters, his Agent at Rotterdam ‘ (who happen'd to be now at Helvoetſluys, and aſſiſ‘ ted the King at his landing) had likewiſe the Hon‘ our to accompany him; and 'tis ſaid his Majeſty was ‘ ſo well pleas'd with the Aſſiſtance he gave him, that ‘ he has permitted him to return with him for London. ‘ Tho' his Majeſty, to be ſure, muſt have ſuffer'd great ‘ Fatigue; yet (God be prais'd) he is in as good Health ‘ as can be expected.

‘ The Prince of Orange and Two Gentlemen of his ‘ Houſhold, went on Thurſday following to pay a Viſit ‘ to the King, who received him with very great ‘ Friendſhip, and kept him at Dinner, &c. ſo that his ‘ Moſt Serene Highneſs did not return to the Hague 'til ‘ next Day. The King commonly dines with 5 or 6 ‘ Noblemen of his Retinue, but ſups alone while he ſtays ‘ at Helvoetſluys.

Tueſday laſt an Account was brought to Town by Capt. Cummins, who came over a Paſſenger from Holland in the Packet-Boat, that on Wedneſday laſt his Majeſty's Ship the Princeſs Louiſa, Capt. Bradley Commander, a Man of War of 40 Guns, was by Streſs of Weather, forc'd on a Sand-Bank, entering into the Goree; (which is a Road not unfitly compar'd to Margate Road, on our Kentiſh Coaſt) that ſhe had loſt her Rudder, and lay all on her Side, her Keel almoſt naked, that Seventeen of her Crew were waſh'd over-board with One Sea and periſh'd, but the reſt of the Men were ſav'd; that they were at work upon endeavouring to ſave her and a Cheſt of Plate on board; but from the hard Weather and Storms of Wind at N. N. W. they met with after they came out, ſhe was beat to Pieces and loſt.

They write from Edinburgh, that notwithſtanding the Diſcharge of the Perſons from the Tolbooth, on Account of Capt. Porteous's Affair, the City Gates are kept chain'd back, Day and Night, and the Regular Forces mount Guard there every 24 Hours.

We hear that when the Parliament ſits, there will be ſome Alterations propos'd to be made in the Laws of *Flotſon* and *Jetſon*, on Account of the unheard of Barbarities practis'd on Shipwreck'd Mariners.

In the Month of December laſt, were entered at the Cuſtom-houſe for Exportation, 8830 Quarters of Wheat, 1294 of Wheat Meal, 260 of Barley, 9 of Peaſe, 763 of Beans, 134 of Oats, 4 of Oatmeal, 100 of Rye, 6 of Malt, 5750 Ounces of Foreign Gold Coin, 10,44923 of Foreign Silver Coin, 12,021 of Silver Bullion, 3442 C. of Rice, 2,027,441 Pounds of Tobacco, 4,938,894 ditto imported, 3939 C. of Rice imported. 121 Ships enter'd inwards, and 115 clear'd out.

From the 1ſt Day of January 1735-6, to the 1ſt Day January 1736-7, were enter'd at the Cuſtom-houſe in order for Exportation, 59,736 Quarters of Wheat, 8331 of Wheat-Meal, 1736 of Barley, 1451 of Peaſe, 2824 of Beans, 1442 of Oates, 134 of Oat-Meal, 440 of Rye, 1101 of Malt, 163,775 Ounces of Foreign Gold Coin, 7959 of Gold Bullion, 600 of Gold Duſt, 3,703,234 of Foreign Silver Coin, 135,156 of Silver Bullion, 67,920 C. of Rice, 19,870,985 Pounds of Tobacco, 28.478,361 ditto imported, 59287 C. of Rice imported. 1797 Ships enter'd inwards, and 1241 clear'd out.

London, Jan. 8. We hear an Action is brought by the Lady Blackacre, (well known in Weſtminſter-hall) againſt an eminent Attorney near Lincoln's Inn; the Plaintiff declares for an Aſſault, and beating out Two of her Teeth, to her great Damage, &c. The Defendant pleads they were not her own natural Teeth, and fell out by Accident in her Paſſion. And

We hear the Attorney is bringing an Action againſt Lady Blackacre for the ſaid Teeth, and for keeping her Mouth in Teeth for ſome Years paſt.

On Wedneſday her Majeſty complimented at Court the Right Hon. the Earl of Abercorn, on the gallant Behaviour of his Lordſhip's Son, the Hon. Mr. Hamilton, Lieutenant of the Louiſa Man of War, who, when that Ship had ſtruck on the Sand Bank, and was in the utmoſt Diſtreſs, and Boats were ſent from the Men of War, Yatchts, &c. at Helvoetſluys, to fetch the Crew aſhore, refus'd to go into the Boat himſelf, 'til he ſaw the Crew firſt in; ſaying, *He would ſhare the ſame Fate with the common Sailors, and claim no Precedency.* ----- How many of the *Petit Maitres* about Town, that are all Wig and Waiſtcoat, *& præteria nihil*, wound have done this?

There being mention in all the Foreign Gazettes, of an Armament making at Breſt, to carry Troops to the Miſſiſſippi to be employ'd againſt an Indian Nation called the Chickeſaws it may be of ſome Satisfaction to the Publick to know that theſe Chickeſaws are the only Nation of free Indians unſubdu'd by the French, between their Southern Settlements upon the Miſſiſſippi, and their Northern ones in Canady; that the French have Twice attack'd them this laſt Spring, and have

been

been as often repuls'd with considerable Loss; and they being an independant Nation, and in Amity with the neighbouring English Colonies, it is not to be wonder'd that the French intend to attack them with a greater Force.

Private Letters from Helvoetsluys advise, that the Misfortune, which happen'd to his Majestys Ship the Princess Louisa, was owing to the Negligence of a drunken Dutch Pilot on board. The Ship struck on a Sand Bank in Sight of the other Men of War and Yatchts attending on his Majesty; wherefore Sir Charles Wager was himself a melancholly Spectator of the Catastrophe, but could afford no other Assistance than by sending out Boats, &c. whereby all the Crew, excepting 17 Men, were preserved. It's remarkable, that in less than Half an Hour the Ship split in Pieces, so that the Munitions, Stores, &c. were for the best Part lost.

Capt. Bradley, and his Men who are saved, are to come over with the Squadron commanded by Sir Charles Wager.

It's said the Louisa Man of War, with the Rigging, Guns, &c. cost near Forty Thousand Pounds.

Mr. Arthur Fogg, one of the Proctors of the Ecclesiastical Court at Chester, will speedily be married to Mrs. Meachell, Relict of the Rev. Mr. Meachell, whose Fortune is 300 l. per Annum.

Williamsburg, April 1. Yesterday Morning, Capt. *Baldwin Matthews*, of *York* County, was found dead in his own House, sitting in a Chair with his Arms on a Table, his Head laid on them, and in a Posture as if he was asleep. There was a large Wound found in his Head; which made it greatly suspected that he had been murder'd by some of his Negroes, One of them having about 4 Years ago knock'd him down with a Hough, and almost kill'd him: But the Coroners Inquest which sat on the Body, found it accidental Death, it appearing to them by the Shape of the Wound, and some other Circumstances, that he had fallen against the Table, and received the fatal Wound thereby. He was in the 68th Year of his Age, and was possess'd of a plentiful Fortune, in Money, Land, and Negroes.

*** *The Elegy on Sir* John Randolph, *in* Latin *and* English, *is come to Hand; and will have a Place in the next* Gazette; *as will also the Letter sign'd* Juliana.

§§ *We have also receiv'd another* Monitor, *and another Letter from* Agelastos; *but beg to be excus'd for not printing them; as the Dispute between them and* Zoilus *has already exceeded the Intent and Design of this Paper, as set forth in the Introduction.*

ADVERTISEMENTS.

Lately printed here, by Order of the Honourable the Governor and Council,

(Being very necessary for all Indian *Traders)*

AN Act, For Maintaining the Peace with the *Indians*, in the Province of *Georgia*. Prepared by the Honourable TRUSTEES, for Establishing the Colony of *Georgia*, in *America*; and Approved by the KING's most Excellent Majesty, in Council, on the Third Day of *April*, 1735. London: *Printed by* J. BASKETT, *Printer to the King's most Excellent Majesty. And Re-printed and Sold by* W. Parks, *in* Williamsburg. *Price* 15 d.

STray'd away from Col. Martin's, *in* Caroline *County, about* 3 *Weeks ago, a well-set Light Bay Horse, brarded with a Pestle, which makes a Dott on One of his Buttocks; the Hair of his Fetlocks cut close; he trots and gallops. He belongs to Capt.* Nathaniel-Bacon Burwell, *on* King's-Creek, *near* Williamsburg; *and has been lately seen near Capt.* Roots's, *in* King *and* Queen *County. Whoever will bring the said Horse to Capt.* Burwell *aforesaid, shall be handsomely rewarded for his Trouble, by*

Nathaniel-Bacon Burwell.

A Parcel of Kersey, and plain narrow Cloth, sent from the West of England, to be sold for the Maker, by the Piece, as cheap as can be imported. Enquire of the Printer.

MR. MERCER's Abridgment of the Laws of VIRGINIA, *is far advanc'd in the Press, and carrying on with all possible Expedition. To render this Work more compleat than was at first propos'd, the Author not only adds,* An Abridgment of the Laws made the last Session of Assembly, *but also,* A Collection of Forms and Precedents, *of all Sorts, peculiarly adapted to the Laws and Customs of this Colony; and very necessary for all Magistrates, and other Officers: Which will make it the most useful Book, of it's Kind, that ever was publish'd in this Part of the World: And he hopes the Subscribers will consent to make the Subscription-Money Half a Pistole, instead of Ten Shillings.*

The Publick Business of the last Session of Assembly, the Severity of the Winter, and the large Additions to this Book, have prevented the Publication of it at the next General Court, as was propos'd; but it will certainly be publish'd in June *next, at the Time of the Court of* Oyer *and* Terminer, *unforeseen Accidents excepted.*

All Persons who are willing to subscribe, are desired to be as expeditious as possible; and Those who have done Mr. Mercer *the Favour of taking Subscriptions for the said Books are requested to return the Subscription-Papers to him, or the Printer hereof, at the next General Court, in* April.

RAN away lately, from the Bristol Company's Iron-Works, *in* King George *County, a Servant Man, nam'd* James Summers, *a* West-Country *Man, and speaks thick; he is a short thick Fellow, with short black Hair, and a Ruddy Complexion. Whoever secures the said Servant, and brings him to the said* Iron-Works, *or to the Hon.* John Tayloe, *Esq; in* Richmond *County, or gives Notice of him, so as he may be had again, shall be well rewarded, besides what the Law allows.*

RAN away from my House in *York* Town, on the 6th Instant, a Servant Man named *Patrick Burk*, a Sadler by Trade, born in *Virginia*, aged about 30, of a small Stature, brown Complexion, short black Hair, and mark'd with the Small Pox. He wore a Kersey Coat with Metal Buttons, and a Fustian Waistcoat and Breeches. He took with him, a dark Bay Horse, belonging to me, mark'd on the near Shoulder with a Heart. Whoever secures the said Servant, so as I may have him again, shall have Three Pounds Reward, besides what the Law allows.

James Mitchell.

N. B. If he be taken, and well whipt twice; I will, for each Time, give Five Shillings, besides the Reward above.

RAN away from my House in *York* Town, on the 6th of this Instant, a Servant Man named *Richard Savage*, he is a middle siz'd Man, a Taylor by Trade. He took with him, a German Serge Coat and Breeches, a red Waistcoat, a grey Cloth Bannian, lin'd with Callimancoe of Two different Colours, a Callicoe Waistcoat, 2 ruffled Shirts, a black Velvet Stock, a dark Bob Wigg, a little pinch'd up Hat, and good Shoes and Stockings. Whoever secures the said Servant, and brings him to me, shall have a Pistole Reward, besides what the Law allows, paid by

Reginald Orton.

RAN away from my House in *York* Town, on the 7th Instant, a Servant Man named *Samuel Tomlinson*; he is a middle-siz'd Fellow, with a Scar of an old Sore under his right Jaw, and on his right Hand is made with Gun-Powder, Two Letters thus, S T. He wore a grey Cloth Coat, lin'd with red, and a blue Serge Waistcoat; and stole away with him, several Pair of new Shoes, and Two Setts of Shoe Maker's Tools, and is suppos'd to be gone over *James* River. Whoever will secure the said Servant, and bring him to his Master, shall have half a Pistole Reward, besides what the Law allows, paid by

Thomas William Irwin.

Williamsburg: Printed by W. PARKS. By whom Subscriptions are taken in for this Paper, at 15 *s. per Ann.* And BOOK-BINDING is done reasonably, in the best Manner.